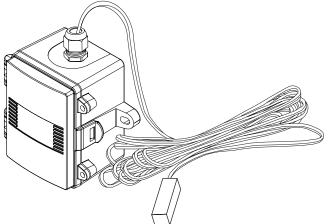
GREYSTONE ENERGY SYSTEMS INC



High Accuracy Glass Temperature Transmitter

HATXGL Series - Installation Instructions

INTRODUCTION

The high accuracy single point glass temperature transmitter utilizes a precision sensor encapsulated in a 31.75mm L x 9.525mm W x 9.525 mm H ($1.25'' \times .375'' \times .375''$) Aluminum probe. Standard wire length is 600 mm (24''). All probes are constructed to provide excellent heat transfer, fast response, and are potted to resist moisture penetration. A transmitter that provides a high accuracy signal with excellent long term stability, low hysteresis and fast response is available with various ranges.

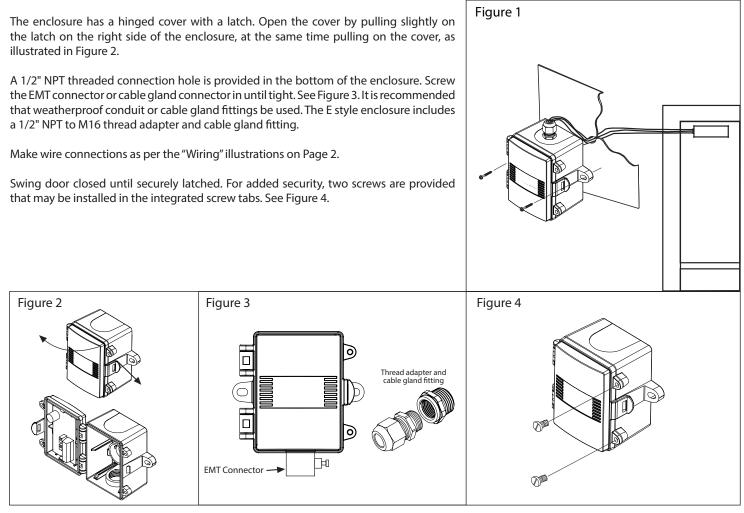
BEFORE INSTALLATION

Read these instructions carefully before installing and commissioning the temperature sensor. Failure to follow these instructions may result in product damage. Do not use in an explosive or hazardous environment, with combustible or flammable gases, as a safety or emergency stop device or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury. **Do not exceed the device ratings.**

MOUNTING

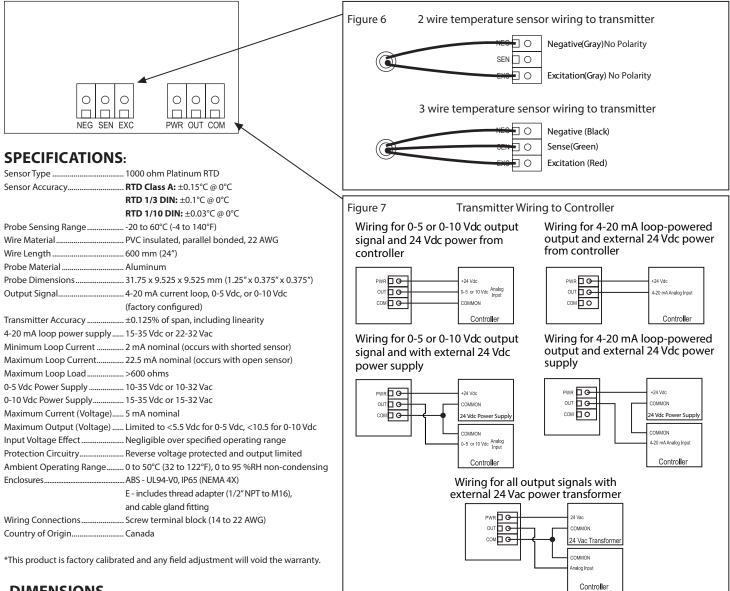
The glass thermostat installs directly onto any window where the enclosure can be mounted nearby. Select a suitable location on an exterior window where both the probe and the enclosure can be mounted. On one side of the probe apply epoxy compound and press firmly against the glass. See Figure 1. Use whatever means available (electrical tape will do) to secure the probe to the window while the epoxy sets. To achieve the best reading, do not place in an area where air stratification may be present. Avoid areas where the sensor is exposed to vibrations or rapid temperature changes.

Unroll the sensing cable probe, being careful not to kink the wire. The airflow direction is not important. Secure the enclosure to the wall with two #10 x 25 mm (1") self tapping screws (not provided). Tighten screws until the enclosure is tight against the wall and ensure that there is no movement of the enclosure as shown in Figure 1.



WIRING

- Deactivate the 24 Vac/dc power supply until all connections are made to the device to prevent equipment damage.
- Use 14-22 AWG shielded wiring for all connections and do not locate the device wires in the same conduit with wiring used to supply inductive loads such as motors. Make all connections in accordance with national and local codes.
- The temperature transmitter comes with the temperature sensor pre-wired to the transmitter board. If removal is required for installation then it may be re-wired as shown in Figure 6.
- Pull at least six inches of control wire into the enclosure, then complete the wiring connection according to the wire diagram for the applicable power supply and output signal type as shown in Figure 7.
- Connect the DC positive or the AC voltage hot side to the PWR terminal. For voltage output or AC power, the supply Common is connected to the COM terminal. The device is reverse voltage protected and will not operate if connected backwards. It has a half-wave power supply so the supply Common is the same as the signal Common. See Figure 7.
- The analog output is available on the OUT terminal. Check the controller Analog Input to determine the proper connection before applying power as shown in Figure 7.
- Once all connections are made and checked, power can be applied.



DIMENSIONS

