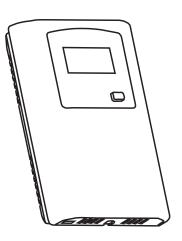


#### **Room Carbon Dioxide Transmitter**

CDD4A1 Series - Installation Instructions

# **INTRODUCTION**The room CO<sub>2</sub> transmitt



The room CO<sub>2</sub> transmitter device uses a highly accurate and reliable non-dispersive infrared (NDIR) sensor in an attractive, low profile enclosure for room applications to monitor CO<sub>2</sub> levels. The sensor uses dual channel optics and LTA (long term adjustment) signal processing technology to deliver industry leading long-term accuracy and reliability. These technology features ensure optimum measurement stability for both periodic and constant occupancy applications, so the device is equally suitable for the classroom or the hospital room.

Standard features include a field selectable output signal of either 4-20 mA, 0-5 Vdc or 0-10 Vdc for the highest versatility, programmable  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  measurement span, a backlit alpha-numeric LCD and easy menu operation for configuration.

Optional features include a resistive temperature sensor output (with LCD display of temperature in either °C or °F), a control relay with programmable setpoint, hysteresis and time delay, and a dry-contact override switch.

# **BEFORE INSTALLATION**

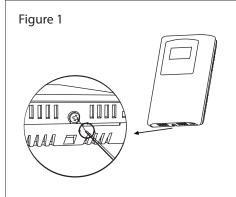
Read these instructions carefully before installing and commissioning the device. Failure to follow these instructions may result in product damage. Do not use in an explosive or hazardous environment, with combustible or flammable gases, as a safety or emergency stop device or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury. Take electrostatic discharge precautions during installation. De-energize the power supply prior to installation, this device is intended for indoor air conditioned spaces, contact factory for other applications. **Do not exceed device ratings. This product is not intended for life-safety applications.** 

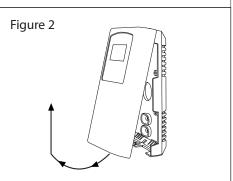
**NOTE:** This  $CO_2$  sensor incorporates a Self Calibration feature to correct  $CO_2$  sensor drift. This feature is recommended for applications where the  $CO_2$  level will be close to normal (400 ppm) at least one hour per day. If the monitored space is occupied 24 hours or consistently maintains higher or lower levels of  $CO_2$ , it is recommended that this feature be turned off, but yearly calibration will be required.

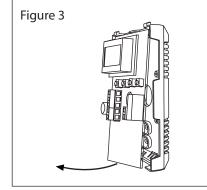
#### MOUNTING

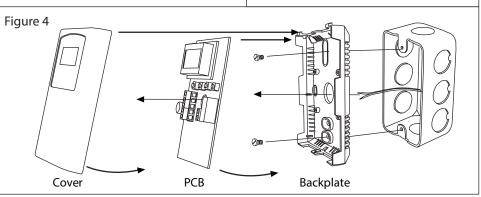
The transmitter installs directly on a standard electrical box and should be mounted five feet from the floor of the area to be controlled. Do not mount the sensor near doors, opening windows, supply air diffusers or other known disturbances. Avoid areas where the detector is exposed to vibrations or rapid temperature changes. Prevent measurement errors by sealing the wall or conduit openings to prevent air migration from the wall cavity.

The cover is hooked to the base at the top edge and must be removed from the bottom edge first. Use a small Phillips screwdriver to loosen the security screw as shown in Figure 1. Complete removal of the screw is not required. Use the screwdriver to carefully pry each bottom corner if necessary. Tip the cover away from the base and sit it aside as shown in Figure 2.









The PCB must be removed from the base to access the mounting holes. Follow anti-static procedures when handling the PCB and be careful not to touch the sensors.

The PCB is removed by pressing the enclosure base to unsnap the latch near the bottom edge, then the PCB can be lifted out of the base as shown in Figure 3.

Sit the PCB aside until the base is mounted on the wall. For added protection, place the PCB in the supplied anti-static bag.

Mount the base by screwing to an electrical box or directly to the wall as shown in Figure 4.

After the base is screwed to an electrical box or directly to the wall using the appropriate holes, remove the

Figure 5

**Power Supply** 

OVERRÎDE MENU

CO2

COM PWR TEMP

**SWITCH** 

RELAY

PCB from the anti-static bag, feed connection wires through the center hole and place the top of the PCB into the PCB holders on the backplate and snap the bottom of the PCB into place as shown in Figure 4.

Making wiring connections as per the Wiring Illustrations below and install the decorative cover by placing the top of the cover into the cover holder on the top of the backplate and snapping the bottom into place as shown in Figure 4. Tighten the security screw with a Phillips screwdriver.

# **WIRING**

Deactivate the power supply until all connections are made to the device to prevent electrical shock or equipment damage. Use 16-22 AWG shielded wire for all connections (only ground the shield at the controller end) and do not locate the device wires in the same conduit with wiring used to supply inductive loads such as motors. Pull at least six inches of wire into the enclosure and complete the wiring connection according to the wiring diagram. Figure 6.

This is a 3-wire sourcing device. Connect the plus DC or the AC voltage hot side to the PWR terminal and the common is connected to the COM Figure 6 Wiring for CO<sub>3</sub> output signal and Wiring for all output and external 24 Vac power transformer or external 24 Vac power supply 24 Vdc power from controller CO, CO, ()**Analog Input Analog Input** COM **COMMON** COM  $\Theta$ COMMON PWR **PWR** +24 Vdc COMMON Controller 24 Vac 24 Vac Transformer / **Power Supply** 

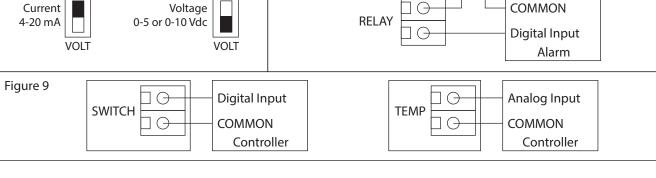


Figure 8

mΑ

terminal. The device is reverse voltage protected and will not operate if connected backwards. It has a half-wave power supply so the supply common is the same as the signal common. Several devices may be connected to one power supply and the output signals all share the same common. Use caution when grounding the secondary of a transformer or when wiring multiple devices to ensure the ground point is the same on all devices and the controller.

The  $CO_2$  analog output is available on the  $CO_2$  terminal. This signal is switch selectable for either 4-20 mA or voltage output (0-5 / 0-10 Vdc) see Figure 7 and connects to the controller analog input. Check the

Figure 7

mΑ

controller Analog Input to determine the proper connection before applying power. Both current and voltage signals are referenced to the COM terminal. The current output operates in the active mode and does not require a loop power supply (the signal current is generated by the transmitter and must not be connected to a powered input or device damage will result).

The optional relay output connects to the RELAY terminals. The relay output is completely isolated and has a Normally Open (NO) signal. This signal can be used to directly control an alarm or ventilation fan. See specifications for contact ratings. See Figure 8.

The optional override signal is a two-wire dry contact normally open switch connected to the SWITCH terminals. See Figure 9.

The optional two-wire temperature sensor output is available with various RTDs and thermistors to suit all control applications and is available on the TEMP terminals. See Figure 9.

# **OUTPUT SCALING**

The  $CO_2$  output signal is scaled such that 4-20 mA (or 0-5 / 0-10 Vdc) equals 0-2000 ppm by default. The signal span may be changed via the Setup Menu from 1000 to 10,000 ppm in 500 ppm increments.

# START-UP MODE

Verify the device is properly wired and connections are tight. Ensure the mA / VOLT switch is set for the correct signal type. Apply power and the LCD will indicate the software version number, the output signal type and then the sensor will begin a one minute warm-up countdown. When the warm-up time expires the device will enter normal mode.

# **NORMAL MODE**

The sensor will begin reading the  ${\rm CO_2}$  level (and temperature if it is installed), output the correct analog signal and display the values on the LCD. If the relay is installed, the measurements will be compared to the setpoint and appropriate action taken. The keypad is monitored and if the <MENU> key is pressed the device will enter the Setup Menu. The Setup Menu can be accessed to configure the device for required operation.

# **RELAY MODE**

The optional relay can be used as an alarm signal to indicate that a setpoint has been exceeded. For the basic  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  product, the relay may be configured via the Setup Menu as a high or low alarm and the setpoint value, hysteresis and on-delay time may be set. The relay will activate and close the contacts if the  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  measurement goes above the setpoint (for a high alarm) or below the setpoint (for a low alarm). If required, this action can be delayed by a time period (relay delay time) to prevent false alarms. After the relay is activated, the measurement must fall below the setpoint - hysteresis value (for a high alarm) or go above the setpoint + hysteresis value (for a low alarm) to deactivate the relay and open the contacts. The high/low assignment, setpoint, delay time and hysteresis values may all be programmed via the Setup Menu as required.

If the optional temperature sensor is installed, the relay operation may be assigned to operate as a temperature high or low alarm instead of a  $CO_2$  alarm. All the same relay parameters may be configured to set up the alarm as required.

#### **SETUP MENU**

The device has several parameters that can be configured locally via the Setup menu using the keypad and LCD. Any changes made are saved in non-volatile memory and are restored in case of a power loss. The menu can be accessed at any time after the start-up mode and if there is 5 minutes of inactivity the menu will close and normal operation will continue.

To enter the menu, press and release the <MENU> key. This will enter the Setup Menu step 1, pressing the <MENU> key a second time saves the setting and advances to step 2. Each press of the <MENU> key saves the current setting and advances the menu item. The <UP> and <DOWN> keys are used to make changes to program variables by scrolling through the available options. The first column below shows what will be displayed on the LCD, including the default value.

<MENU> Press to advance to next menu item

1. SPAN

CO2 Span 2000 ppm The  $CO_2$  Span value controls the analog output scaling.  $CO_2$  span can be changed from 1000 to 10,000 ppm in 500 ppm increments using  $\langle UP \rangle$  or  $\langle DOWN \rangle$ . If  $CO_2$  Span = 2000 ppm, then the output signal is scaled 0-2000 ppm = 4-20 mA. Factory default is 2000 ppm.

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

# 2. SELF CALIBRATION

Self-Cal ON The Self-Cal feature <MENU> when enabled requires the sensor to be exposed to fresh air for at least one hour every twenty-four hours. When first enabled the sensor requires a minimum of seven days of operation with fresh air exposer daily to allow the algorithm to adjust for self-calibration. Default for device is having this feature enabled "ON".

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

# 3. ALTITUDE

Altitude 0 m The Altitude value allows  $CO_2$  compensation for local atmospheric pressure and altitude and ensures the highest  $CO_2$  accuracy. Altitude can be changed from 0 to 2550 meters in 50 meter steps using <UP> or <DOWN>. It will take a few moments to change the setting, then the menu will advance to the next step. Factory default is 0 m (sea level).

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

## 4. OUTPUT VOLTAGE SPAN

V Output 0-5 Vdc The V Output value controls the analog output voltage span if the PCB switch is set to VOLT. V Output can be set to either 0-5 Vdc or 0-10 Vdc using <UP> or <DOWN>. This setting has no effect if the PCB switch is set to mA. Factory default is 0-5 Vdc.

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

#### 5. OUTPUT SIGNAL DIRECTION

Output Direct The Output value controls the analog output signal direction. Use <UP> or <DOWN> to change the setting from Direct (4-20 mA, 0-5 Vdc or 0-10 Vdc) to Reverse (20-4 mA, 5-0 Vdc or 10-0 Vdc) if reverse action is required. Factory default is Direct.

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

#### 6. OUTPUT TEST

Output Test OFF The Output Test value controls the analog output signal for testing purposes. Use <UP> or <DOWN> to toggle the output signal to OFF (normal operation), MIN (minimum output) or MAX (maximum output). The actual output signal will depend on the PCB switch position (mA or VOLT) and the V Output setting (for voltage operation). Press <MENU> to set it back to OFF and advance. Factory default is OFF.

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

Only if Temperature Sensor option Installed

#### 7. TEMPERATURE UNITS

Temp Units °C The Temp Units setting is used to select °C or °F display of temperature. Use <UP> or <DOWN> to select. Factory default is °C.

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

8. DISPLAY Display CO2 ppm

Only if **Temperature Sensor** option Installed

Display is used to control what information is displayed on the LCD. The selections depend on the installed options. Use <UP> or <DOWN> to select either CO<sub>2</sub> ppm, Temp, CO<sub>2</sub>+Temp, Rotate or None. Factory default is CO<sub>2</sub> ppm. For a basic CO<sub>2</sub> only device, the selection is limited to CO<sub>2</sub> ppm or None.

CO<sub>2</sub> ppm Only the actual ppm value of

the CO<sub>2</sub> reading will be displayed

CO2 1235 ppm

Only temperature is displayed Temp

(°C or °F depends on units setting)

Temp 24.3°C

CO<sub>2</sub> & Temp CO, ppm and temperature both

displayed at the same time

1235 ppm 24.3°C

Rotate All available sensor readings rotate

at 2 second intervals

CO2 1235 ppm

Temp 24.3°C

None No measurement information is displayed in

normal mode, the menu will still display in

Setup Menu mode

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

## 9. BACKLIGHT

BackLite Auto

The BackLite setting is used to control how the LCD backlight functions. Use <UP> or <DOWN> to select either Auto, Off or On. Auto means the backlight only lights when a menu is accessed or when the setpoint is activated (ie: when a key is pressed), Off means the backlight is always off and On means it is always on. Factory default is Auto.

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

Only if **Temperature Sensor** option Installed

#### 10. TEMPERATURE OFFSET

T Offset 0.0°C

The T Offset value allows calibration of the temperature value displayed on the LCD. Units (°C/°F) follow the Temp Units setting. Use <UP> or <DOWN> to add or subtract an offset from the temperature value. The range is -5.0 to 5.0 °C or -9.0 to 9.0 °F in 0.1° increments. Factory default is 0.0 °C.

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

Only if **Relay** option Installed

# 11. RELAY

Relay CO2

The Relay setting allows the relay alarm to be assigned to either CO<sub>2</sub> High, CO<sub>2</sub> Low, Temp Hi or Temp Low as applicable. Use <UP> or <DOWN > to select. Factory default is CO, High. If the temperature sensor is not installed then the options will not be available.

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

#### 12. RELAY SETPOINT

Relay SP 1000 ppm or

Relay SP 26°C

IN-GF-CDD4A1XXX-02

The relay setpoint depends on the relay assignment set previously. Use <UP> or <DOWN> to change the setting within the limits as shown in the table. Note that only the one previous selection will be available. Note that a high alarm activates when the measurement exceeds the setpoint and a low alarm activates when the measurement goes below the setpoint. Use <MENU> to save and advance.

RELAY ASSIGNMENT	<b>DEFAULT SETPOINT</b>	SETPOINT RANGE	RESOLUTION
Temp High	26.0°C / 79.0°F	5.0 to 40.0°C / 40.0 to 100.0°F	0.5°
Temp Low	15.0°C / 59.0°F	5.0 to 40.0°C / 40.0 to 100.0°F	0.5°
CO <sub>2</sub> High	1000 ppm	500 to 9000 ppm	100 ppm
CO <sub>2</sub> Low	1000 ppm	500 to 9000 ppm	100 ppm

Only if **Relay** option Installed

<MENU> Press to advance to next menu item

#### 13. RELAY HYSTERESIS

Relay Hy 50 ppm The Relay Hysteresis will depend on how the relay is assigned. Units will either be in ppm for CO<sub>2</sub> or °C/°F for temperature.

or

Use <UP> or <DOWN> to change the Relay Hysteresis within the limits as shown in the table.

Relay Hy 0.5°C Note that a high alarm resets when the measurement goes below (setpoint - hysteresis) and a low alarm resets when the measurement goes above (setpoint + hysteresis). Note the value is somewhat dependent on the setpoint (ie: if the CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint is 500 ppm then the hysteresis cannot be 500 ppm).

RELAY ASSIGNMENT	DEFAULT SETPOINT	SETPOINT RANGE	RESOLUTION
Temp High or Low	0.5°C/F	0.2 to 5.0°C/F	0.1°C/F
CO <sub>2</sub> High or Low	50 ppm	25 to 500 ppm	25 ppm

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

#### 14. RELAY DELAY

Relay Dly 0min Use <UP> or <DOWN> to change the Relay Delay time within the limits. The delay time may be set from 0 to 9 minutes in 1 minute increments to prevent false alarms. The default is 0 minutes (no delay).

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

#### 15. RELAY TEST

Relay Test OFF Use <UP> or <DOWN> to toggle the relay ON or OFF to test the relay operation. Press <MENU> to reset to OFF and advance.

<MENU>

Press to advance to next menu item

# 16. CO, CALIBRATION

Calibrat 1000 ppm The calibration reference screen allows user to set the calibration gas level used for calibrating the sensor. Use <UP> and <DOWN> to adjust the ppm value of calibration gas. The minimum value is 400ppm, the maximum value is 2000ppm. Increment value is 50ppm for each step. Press <MENU> to save and advance.

<MENU>

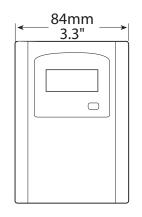
Press to exit the menu and return to normal mode

# **CALIBRATION**

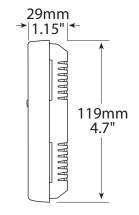
Enter the Setup Menu and use the <MENU> key to advance to the "Calibrat" item. Press and hold either the <UP> or <DOWN> key for 5 seconds to start the gas calibration. The LCD will indicate "Calibrat / Done" if the process was successful. If "Calibrat / Fail" is displayed then the process may have to be repeated. Press the <MENU> key to return to normal operation, shut off the gas supply and remove the sensor adapter.

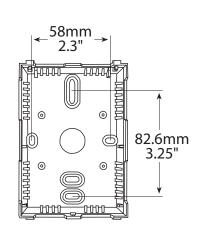
SPECIFICATIONS	
Gas Type Detected	Carbon dioxide (CO.)
Sensor Type	Dual channel non-dispersive infrared (NDIR)
Sensor Accuracy	+ (30 ppm + 3% of measured value)
	0-2000 ppm (default), adjustable 1000 - 10,000 ppm
Temperature Dependency	
Response Time	• •
Warm-Up Time Sensor Coverage Area	
Sensor Life Span	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Transmitter Accuracy	
Dawer Cumply	(including linearity, hysteresis and repeatability)
Power Supply	
Drotostion Circuitus	(non-isolated half-wave rectified)
	Reverse voltage and transient protected
Input voitage Effect	Negligible over specified operating range
	4-20 mA (3-wire), 0-5 or 0-10 Vdc (field selectable)
Current Consumption	<b>Current:</b> 75 mA @ 24 Vdc max, 150 mA @ 24 Vac max
Outrant Driver of 241/41-	<b>Voltage:</b> 50 mA @ 24 Vdc max, 100 mA @ 24 Vac max
Output Drive @ 24 Vdc	
Amphiant On arating Dange	<b>Voltage:</b> $10,000\Omega$ min
	0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F), 0 to 95 %RH non-condensing
	40 to $70^{\circ}$ C (-40 to $158^{\circ}$ F), 0 to 95 %RH non-condensing
Diaglas Day on	ppm (CO <sub>2</sub> ), °C/°F for optional temperature sensor
Display Range	0-10,000 ppm, 0 to 50°C (32 to 122)°F
Display Size	35mm W X 15mm H (1.4" X 0.6")
Digit Height	2-line x 8 character
OPTIONAL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	
Type	
Accuracy	<b>Thermistors:</b> ±0.2°C (±0.36°F) @ 25°C (77°F)
	<b>Platinum RTD's:</b> ±0.3°C (±0.54°F) @ 0°C (32°F)
	<b>Nickel RTD's:</b> ±0.4°C (±0.72°F) @ 0°C (32°F)
Output	2-wire resistive
Outional Dalay (2 mins autout)	Farmer A (NLO) 2 America 0 140 V/a a / 20 V/a
	Form A (N.O.), 2 Amps @ 140 Vac / 30 Vdc
Optional Override Switch (2-wire output)	5u ma @ 12 vac max
Enclosure	White ARS ID30 (NEMA 1)
Enclosure	84mm W x 119mm H x 29mm D (3.3" x 4.7" x 1.15")
Wiring	
Wiring	CIEW LEITHINA DIOCK (14 - 22 AVVG)

# **DIMENSIONS**



Approvals .....CE
Country of Origin.....Canada





IN-GE-CDD4A1XXX-02